Automobile production and sales have always been one of the indicators for determining whether the related industries are doing well or not． The production of an automobile requires the use of many small parts and fastening components，so the fluctuations of production and sales will have an impact on the orders received in the supply chain of these products．According to the International Organization of Motor Vehicle Manufacturers（OICA），the global automobile production and sales have been on a general growth trend over the past three years，with more significant growth margin between 2022 and 2023．In this article，we will analyze the latest automobile sales and production figures for 2023，and further compare them with those for 2021－2022 to give readers a glimpse of the changes in the automobile industry＇s outlook．

## Overall Upward Trend in Global Production and Sales，with More Significant Year－on－year Growth

Global automobile production was about 80 million units in 2021，which grew to nearly 85 million units in 2022，and then expanded to nearly 94 million units in 2023， an increase of about $10 \%$ over the 2022 figure；the global sales were in a slight decline from nearly 84 million units in 2021 to nearly 83 million units in 2022，but grew sharply to nearly 93 million units in 2023，with a similar increase of more than $10 \%$ over the previous year．The goal of annual production and sales of more than 100 million vehicles seems to be within reach．

## Europe and Asia are the Most Productive，While the Americas Need More Incentives

Europe＇s automobile production grew from approximately 16 million units 3 years ago to more than 18 million units in 2023，representing a $13 \%$ year－over－year increase．It is the world＇s 3rd largest automobile production region，with Germany，Spain，France，the Czech Republic and Slovakia being the top 5 automobile producers in 2023．Germany and the Czech Republic in particular showed the most significant year－on－year changes， which were $18 \%$ and $15 \%$ ，respectively．Production in most European countries remained at growth levels，except for Serbia，Finland and Slovenia，which experienced significant production declines of $96 \%, 59 \%$ and $11 \%$ ，respectively．In addition，Turkey，which is actively seeking to become a member state of the European Union，has also seen its automobile production grow year by year，reaching a level of more than 1.45 million vehicles in 2023，a year－on－year growth of $9 \%$ ．These figures fully demonstrate that the momentum of the automobile manufacturing industry in Europe and neighboring countries is slowly picking up．

# Global Car Production and Sales 

In Russia, Ukraine, and Central Asian countries, Russia's vehicle production in 2023 significantly reduced by more than $50 \%$ compared to the 2021 figure, and Ukraine shrank from more than 7,000 to less than 2,000 vehicles. However, Uzbekistan, Kazakhstan and Azerbaijan all showed significant growth over 2021.

The Americas, the world's 2nd largest automobile production region, grew from about 16 million units in 2021 all the way to more than 19 million units in 2023, an $8 \%$ increase from 2022. In North America, although Canada had the largest year-on-year increase, however, in terms of volume, more than $90 \%$ of production was still concentrated in the U.S. and Mexico. The overall production in South America was below 3 million units, with no significant year-on-year change. Brazil is the largest producer of automobiles in South America, with production of more than 2.3 million vehicles in 2023, which still showed a slight year-on-year decline of $2 \%$. Argentina and Colombia rank 2nd and 3rd respectively.

The Asia-Pacific region is the world's largest automobile production region, with its production volume rising from over 46 million units in 2021 to over 50 million units in 2022, and surpassing the 55 millionunit mark in 2023, representing a $10 \%$ year-on-year increase. The top 5 automobile producing countries were China (more than 30 million vehicles), Japan (nearly 9 million vehicles), India (about 5.9 million vehicles), South Korea (more than 4 million vehicles) and Thailand (nearly 1.9 million vehicles). Among the top 5 countries, except for Thailand,
which experienced a slight decline compared to the year before last, the other countries still maintained positive growth. In addition, Indonesia in ASEAN and Iran in the Middle East also showed a production scale of more than one million units of strength. Malaysia's production volume was less than one million, but still had a $10 \%$ growth year-on-year.

Africa's production, though small compared to other regions, was still over a million units in size and grew by around $15 \%$ year-on-year to 2023. Automobile production in the region was concentrated in South Africa and Morocco, with more than 600,000 and 500,000 vehicles respectively. Egypt, on the other hand, had no published data on vehicle production between 2021 and 2023.

Overall, Europe's automobile production rebounded the most significantly. Except for the Americas, where growth did not reach more than $10 \%$, all other regions saw at least $10 \%$ growth, indicating that the outlook for global automobile production remains favorable.

## Table 1. World Motor Vehicle Production by Country/Region and Type

| All Vehicles | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Variation } \\ & 2023 / 2022 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EUROPE | 16,137,638 | 16,032,840 | 18,122,449 | 13\% |
| Germany, cars and LCV only | 3,096,165 | 3,480,357 | 4,109,371 | 18\% |
| Spain | 2,098,133 | 2,219,436 | 2,451,221 | 10\% |
| France, cars and LCV only | 1,352,226 | 1,383,173 | 1,505,076 | 9\% |
| Czech Republic | 1,111,432 | 1,224,456 | 1,404,501 | 15\% |
| Slovakia | 1,030,000 | 982,194 | 1,080,000 | 10\% |
| United Kingdom | 932,488 | 876,614 | 1,025,474 | 17\% |
| Italy | 797,243 | 796,394 | 880,085 | 11\% |
| Poland | 439,421 | 483,840 | 612,882 | 27\% |
| Romania | 420,755 | 509,465 | 513,050 | 1\% |
| Hungary | 416,725 | 441,729 | 507,225 | 15\% |
| Belgium | 261,038 | 285,473 | 332,103 | 16\% |
| Portugal | 289,954 | 322,404 | 318,231 | -1\% |
| Sweden, yearly only | 258,023 | 238,955 | 276,750 | 16\% |
| Netherlands, yearly only | 107,021 | 101,670 | 123,379 | 21\% |
| Austria | 136,700 | 121,428 | 114,191 | -6\% |
| Slovenia | 95,797 | 68,130 | 60,881 | -11\% |
| Finland, cars only | 85,934 | 73,044 | 30,191 | -59\% |
| Serbia | 21,263 | 4,498 | 186 | -96\% |
| CIS (excluding Belarus \& Ukraine) | 1,911,188 | 1,066,932 | 1,309,259 | 23\% |

Table 1．World Motor Vehicle Production by Country／Region and Type


## Europe Leads Americas, Asia in Sales Gains / Automotive Market Remains Robust

The car sales of Europe (plus the UK) and their production can be said to be very close, which were about 17 million units in 2021, a short decline to about 15 million units in 2022, and a substantial growth of $18.7 \%$ to nearly 18 million units in 2023. The top 5 countries in terms of sales were Germany, the UK, France, Italy, and Spain. Except for Germany, the other four countries all had an year-over-year increase of at least $10 \%$. Among all European countries, only Norway showed a $21 \%$ decline and Hungary showed less than $1 \%$ increase, while all the other European countries showed significant growth.

Turkey's sales grew by more than $55 \%$ in 2023 , dramatically increasing to nearly 1.3 million units. Its sales were just under a million units in 2021 and 2022.

In Russia and Ukraine, the data showed a significant decline in sales in 2022, but a significant growth has already begun since 2023, reaching more than 1.3 million and more than 700,000 units of vehicles, respectively.

The Americas is the world's 2nd largest market for automobile sales, only second to the Asia-Pacific region. Its sales in the past three years all crossed the mark of 20 million units and reached more than 23 million in 2023, a year-on-year increase of $11.4 \%$. In North America, unlike Mexico, which also accounted for a large share of the region's production data, sales were almost exclusively within the U.S., with less than 2 million units sold in both Mexico and Canada. In the Central and South American region, sales were between 3.8 million and 4.1 million units, a slight increase of about $2.8 \%$ over the previous year. Brazil alone accounted for more than half of the region's sales, followed by Argentina and Chile with only about 300,000-400,000 units, respectively. Sales in Chile and Colombia both contracted by almost 30\%.

Asia-Pacific/Oceania/the Middle East are the world's most important automotive sales regions. The overall sales grew from around 44 million units in 2021 to more than 50 million units, a year-on-year increase of $10.2 \%$. The region alone accounted for about $55 \%$ of the global sales. The top 5 countries with the highest car sales were China (more than 30 million units), India (more than 5 million units), Japan (nearly 4.8 million units), South Korea (about 1.8 million units), and Australia (about 1.2 million units). Among these five countries, the year-on-year ratios of China, Japan and Australia were all over $12 \%$. It is worth noting that the sales of ASEAN countries declined marginally by $0.1 \%$, with only the Philippines, Malaysia and Vietnam showing growth of $16.4 \%, 9.2 \%$ and $2.6 \%$ respectively, while the other ASEAN countries were all in a decline. In the Middle East, Saudi Arabia, the UAE and Israel all posted sales growth of more than $20 \%$.

Africa's sales, similar to its production, reached only about 1 million units in size, with a slight decrease of $2.4 \%$ year-on-year in 2023. South Africa alone accounted for more than half of the region's total sales, and its sales in 2023 were up slightly by $3.4 \%$ year-on-year. Morocco and Egypt, which rank 2nd and


## Industry Focus

Table 2．Registrations or Sales of New Vehicles－All Types

| Regions／Countries | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023／2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EUROPE | 16，882，486 | 15，079，901 | 17，898，967 | 18．7\％ |
| EU 27 countries＋EFTA＋UK | 14，141，084 | 13，295，670 | 15，128，471 | 13．8\％ |
| Germany | 2，973，319 | 2，963，748 | 3，204，298 | 8．1\％ |
| United Kingdom | 2，049，005 | 1，943，572 | 2，263，666 | 16．5\％ |
| France | 2，142，284 | 1，926，554 | 2，209，102 | 14．7\％ |
| Italy | 1，669，855 | 1，505，052 | 1，794，655 | 19．2\％ |
| Spain | 1，034，084 | 958，978 | 1，127，868 | 17．6\％ |
| Poland | 554，619 | 517，683 | 576，850 | 11．4\％ |
| Belgium | 463，811 | 431，594 | 555，002 | 28．6\％ |
| Netherlands | 402，823 | 385，198 | 457，984 | 18．9\％ |
| Sweden | 343，880 | 329，868 | 341，842 | 3．6\％ |
| Switzerland | 272，087 | 254，683 | 287，436 | 12．9\％ |
| Austria | 306，176 | 244，694 | 278，896 | 14．0\％ |
| Czech Republic | 236，221 | 219，172 | 255，676 | 16．7\％ |
| Other Countries | 237，574 | 228，751 | 254，206 | 11．1\％ |
| Portugal | 180，287 | 186，139 | 229，885 | 23．5\％ |
| Denmark | 221，916 | 180，976 | 203，951 | 12．7\％ |
| Romania | 145，400 | 150，641 | 170，718 | 13．3\％ |
| Norway | 217，464 | 210，007 | 164，053 | －21．9\％ |
| Ireland | 136，126 | 131，398 | 154，247 | 17．4\％ |
| Greece | 112，364 | 115，878 | 145，606 | 25．7\％ |
| Hungary | 150，387 | 135，571 | 135，648 | 0．1\％ |
| Finland | 115，291 | 96，622 | 102，730 | 6．3\％ |
| Slovakia | 87，349 | 90，074 | 101，842 | 13．1\％ |
| Croatia | 54，290 | 51，322 | 67，313 | 31．2\％ |
| Bulgaria | 34，472 | 37，495 | 44，997 | 20．0\％ |
| Russia，Turkey \＆Other Europe | 2，741，402 | 1，784，231 | 2，770，496 | 55．3\％ |
| Russia | 1，741，965 | 808，604 | 1，317，438 | 62．9\％ |
| Turkey | 772，850 | 831，220 | 1，288，678 | 55．0\％ |
| Other Countries／Regions | 96，819 | 90，279 | 81，844 | －9．3\％ |
| Ukraine | 121，772 | 45，661 | 73，769 | 61．6\％ |
| AMERICA | 22，003，539 | 20，876，860 | 23，247，296 | 11．4\％ |
| USMCA（former NAFTA） | 18，160，147 | 16，927，732 | 19，187，705 | 13．4\％ |
| USA | 15，408，565 | 14，230，324 | 16，009，268 | 12．5\％ |
| Canada | 1，704，850 | 1，562，965 | 1，764，516 | 12．9\％ |
| Mexico | 1，046，732 | 1，134，443 | 1，413，921 | 24．6\％ |
| Central \＆South America | 3，843，392 | 3，949，128 | 4，059，591 | 2．8\％ |
| Brazil | 2，119，851 | 2，104，461 | 2，308，689 | 9．7\％ |
| Argentina | 370，341 | 395，562 | 439，173 | 11．0\％ |
| Other Countries／Regions | 340，213 | 387，908 | 426，586 | 10．0\％ |
| Chile | 415，582 | 426，781 | 308，170 | －27．8\％ |
| Colombia | 229，493 | 237，249 | 169，058 | －28．7\％ |

Table 2. Registrations or Sales of New Vehicles - All Types

| Regions/Countries | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2023/2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Peru | 152,856 | 162,095 | 165,146 | 1.9\% |
| Ecuador | 109,707 | 126,050 | 124,059 | -1.6\% |
| Puerto Rico | 105,349 | 109,022 | 118,710 | 8.9\% |
| ASIA/OCEANIA/MIDDLE EAST | 43,618,875 | 45,838,945 | 50,528,563 | 10.2\% |
| ASEAN | 2,779,838 | 3,269,405 | 3,266,588 | -0.1\% |
| China | 26,314,263 | 26,863,745 | 30,093,698 | 12.0\% |
| India | 3,759,398 | 4,725,560 | 5,079,985 | 7.5\% |
| Japan | 4,448,340 | 4,201,320 | 4,779,086 | 13.8\% |
| Other Countries/Regions | 1,340,520 | 1,753,132 | 1,866,944 | 6.5\% |
| South Korea | 1,734,581 | 1,683,657 | 1,749,729 | 3.9\% |
| Australia | 1,049,831 | 1,081,429 | 1,216,780 | 12.5\% |
| Indonesia | 887,205 | 1,048,040 | 1,005,802 | -4.0\% |
| Thailand | 748,580 | 849,388 | 775,780 | -8.7\% |
| Saudi Arabia | 556,559 | 616,491 | 758,791 | 23.1\% |
| Malaysia | 508,911 | 607,000 | 663,000 | 9.2\% |
| Taiwan | 422,000 | 415,195 | 434,000 | 4.5\% |
| Philippines | 286,734 | 359,370 | 418,249 | 16.4\% |
| Israel | 311,291 | 288,126 | 359,337 | 24.7\% |
| Vietnam | 260,850 | 330,280 | 338,854 | 2.6\% |
| United Arab Emirates | 188,844 | 207,539 | 259,139 | 24.9\% |
| Uzbekistan | 184,500 | 205,145 | 195,500 | -4.7\% |
| Kazakhstan | 113,600 | 101,527 | 173,506 | 70.9\% |
| New Zealand | 165,287 | 164,491 | 148,717 | -9.6\% |
| Kuwait | 100,157 | 110,118 | 129,448 | 17.6\% |
| Pakistan | 237,424 | 227,392 | 82,218 | -63.8\% |
| AFRICA | 1,133,520 | 1,075,388 | 1,049,842 | -2.4\% |
| South Africa | 450,674 | 514,178 | 531,787 | 3.4\% |
| Other Countries/Regions | 229,606 | 224,676 | 270,507 | 20.4\% |
| Morocco | 175,435 | 161,409 | 161,504 | 0.1\% |
| Egypt | 277,805 | 175,125 | 86,044 | -50.9\% |
| ALL COUNTRIES/REGIONS | 83,638,420 | 82,871,094 | 92,724,668 | 11.9\% |

## Summary

According to the aforementioned data, the current global automobile production and sales still maintain a trend of positive development, and if the general environment does not change and there are no other major external factors to make any impact, the 2024 global automobile production and sales should be very likely to approach or even exceed the 100 million units mark.

In recent years, many Chinese, Japanese, European and American automakers have started to invest more resources in R\&D of new vehicle models (such as electric vehicles, hybrid vehicles, new energy vehicles, etc.) in the hope of stimulating consumers' desire to buy and stimulating the market. Coupled with the fact that the average replacement cycle of automobiles is generally around 5-10 years, it is estimated that with the support of these favorable factors, automotive peripheral related components and fastening components suppliers should also be able to get some orders under the trend of growing demand.

